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INSTITUTE
OF TAXATION

Date: 19 January 2023

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### AGENDA

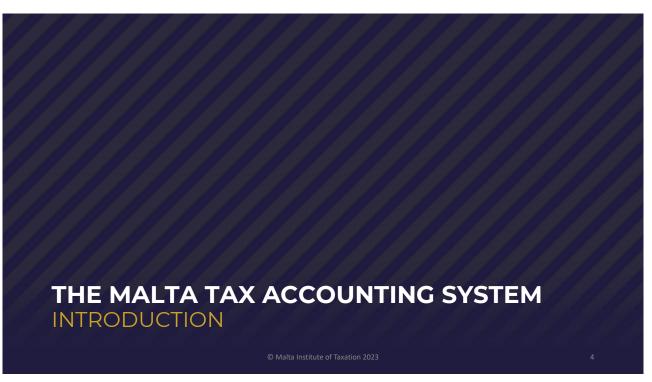
- Introduction
- The Final Tax Account
- The Immovable Property Account
- The Foreign Income Account
- The Maltese Taxed Account
- The Untaxed Account
- Summary



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#### INTRODUCTION

#### THE FIVE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

 Every Malta registered company is required, for Malta income tax purposes, to allocate its distributable profits / losses to five tax accounts:





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#### **INTRODUCTION**

#### THE FIVE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

 This requirement emerges from article 2 of the Income Tax Act, chapter 123 of the laws of Malta ('ITA'), through the definition of 'distributable profits':

"distributable profits" shall mean the total profits which are available for distribution by a company registered in Malta under the laws for the time being in force in Malta, and the distributable profits shall, for the purposes of this Act, be allocated to the following accounts, that is to say, final tax account, immovable property account, foreign income account, Maltese taxed account, and untaxed account, and for the purposes of this definition these accounts shall comprise the distributable profits as set out in the respective definitions



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#### INTRODUCTION

#### THE IMPORTANCE OF THE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

- A tax return, even though submitted to the Inland Revenue Department ('IRD'), may be regarded by the Commissioner for Revenue ('CfR') as not being complete in all material respects for the purposes of article 10(5) of the Income Tax Management Act, chapter 372 of the laws of Malta ('ITMA'), in the event that the allocation of distributable profits included in the tax return is materially incorrect.
- For the purposes of the **Full Imputation System**, the tax treatment of dividend income at the level of the shareholders depends on the tax account from which such dividend was distributed.
- In certain cases, dividend distributions from the FIA and / or the MTA may trigger an entitlement at the level of a qualifying shareholder to claim refunds of the Malta tax paid at the level of the subsidiary. This is referred to as the Malta Tax Payment and Refund System.



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#### INTRODUCTION

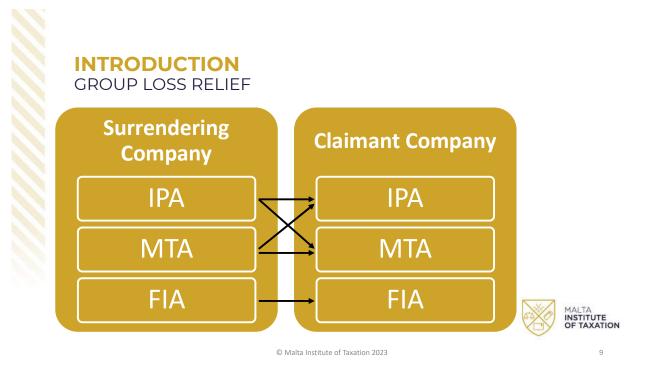
#### THE IMPORTANCE OF THE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

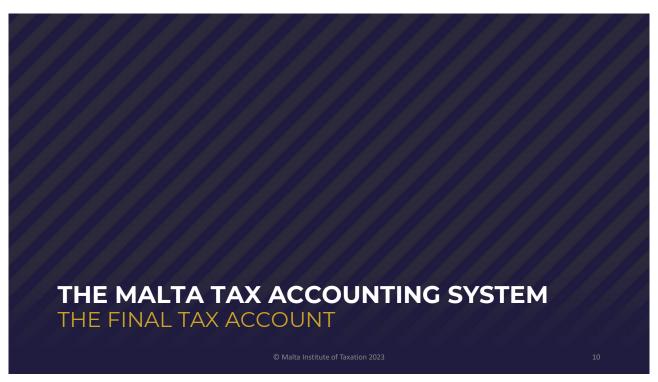
- Local legislation dictates a Dividend Distribution Hierarchy in that the profits of a company allocated to its IPA must be distributed prior to profits allocated to the MTA.
- In certain cases, there may also be considerations for **taxation at the level of qualifying shareholders** (referred to as 'recipients') in the case of dividend distributions from the UTA.
- The allocation of distributable profits to the Malta income tax accounts could also impact
  the availability of certain tax credits. The Flat Rate Foreign Tax Credit ('FRFTC') could
  possibly be availed of in the following situations:
  - · Income or gains which fall to be allocated to the FIA of a company (subject to other conditions being met); or
  - Income or gains receivable by a company which elected in terms of Rule 9 and where such income or gains
    would have been allocated to the FIA had the company not elected in terms of Rule 9 (subject to other
    conditions being met).

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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') DEFINITION

• The FTA is defined in article 2 ITA:

"final tax account" shall mean the taxed account to which an amount of distributable profits which suffered tax, calculated in such manner and in such amount as may be prescribed, shall be allocated before any distributable profits are allocated to any other taxed account



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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') ALLOCATIONS

- The Tax Accounts (Income Tax) Rules, S.L. 123.101 ('TAR') then provide an exhaustive list of the profits which are allocated to the FTA.
- Profits typically allocated to the FTA are the following, amongst others:
  - Profits after tax resulting from income which has been charged to tax under the investment income provisions (articles 41 and 41A of the ITA);
  - Profits which have been exempt from tax under the provisions of any Maltese law and
    where the distribution of such profits by the company is exempt from tax in the hands of
    the shareholders;
  - · Dividend income received out of profits allocated to the FTA of another company;
  - Profits after tax derived from the transfer of immovable property, where the transfer is taxable under article 5A of the ITA;
  - Gains or profits chargeable to tax in accordance with **article 23 of the ITA** (profits derived from the production of petroleum);

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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') ALLOCATIONS

- Profits after tax which under the provisions of Maltese law are not subject to tax when such profits are distributed by a company to any person and where upon a distribution no person is entitled to claim any tax credit in respect of any tax paid on such profits;
- The amount which should be allocated to the MTA computed in accordance with rule 13 of the Sale of Agricultural Produce Rules (S.L. 123.80);
- Profits after tax resulting from transfers in accordance with the provisions of article 27G of the ITA (transfers of property by listed companies) applicable from year of assessment 2020:
- Profits resulting from any grant or subsidy where the distribution of such profits is exempt from tax in the hands of the shareholders;
- Profits after tax resulting from rents to which articles 31A to 31D of the ITA apply.



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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') THE NOTIONAL INTEREST DEDUCTION

- Where profits of a company are relieved from tax through claiming the Notional Interest Deduction ('NID') in terms of paragraph (o) of sub-article (1) of article 14 of the ITA, an amount corresponding to 110% of the amount of profits which are so relieved from tax shall be allocated to the company's FTA as follows:
  - The Direct Allocation: an amount corresponding to 100% of the amount of profits which are so relieved from tax shall be allocated directly to the FTA; and
  - The Additional Reallocation: an additional reallocation of profits of an amount corresponding to 10% of the relieved profits, out of the tax account to which such relieved profits would otherwise have been allocated.



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- The Additional Reallocation is effected subject to the following conditions:
  - If the amount of the Additional Reallocation exceeds the total profits of the undertaking
    for the particular basis year that would have otherwise been allocated to the tax account
    to which such profit would have been allocated had they not been relieved from tax, any
    such excess shall be ignored for the purposes of the Additional Reallocation;
  - The Additional Reallocation shall be effected subsequent to any tax account reallocation required to the IPA; and
  - The Direct Allocation and the Additional Reallocation shall not be effected in respect of NID claimed as a deduction against Notional Interest Income deemed to be received by the shareholder of a company claiming NID.



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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 1

- Alpha Limited is a company incorporated in Malta. During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the company received dividends from its Maltese subsidiary, Beta Limited, amounting to €300,000 (gross).
- Beta Limited distributed such dividend out of profits allocated to its FTA which had been subject to a final withholding tax of 15%.

	Distribution
Gross	€300,000
Tax	(€45,000)
Net	€255,000

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# THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 08

			Gr	oss Divide:		Tax Deducted					
IT No. / R.O.C. No.	Paying Company	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed A/c	Foreign Income A/c	Untaxed A/c	Malta tax paid	DTR	FRFTC	W'hiding tax	Net Dividend
201002020	Beta Limited	255,000									255,
											-
											_
		_		_							
											_
	Totals >	255.000						0	0		25
Dividend	is the tax on which is relieved by Tax		IPA	MTA	-		Tax credit	-			
Dividend	S are tax on which is reneved by rax	- Cuits					THE CITY				
	Totals >	TRA 35				TRA 35					



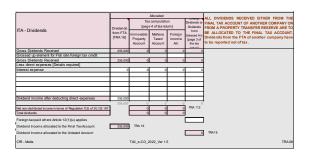
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### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 08



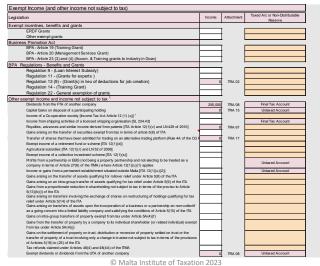


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#### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 18





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#### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 18

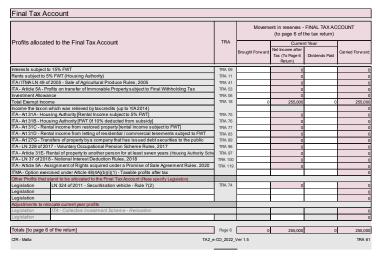




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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 61





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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 2

- During the financial period ended 31 December 2022, XYZ Rentals Limited received rental income amounting to €400,000 from the rental of various residential flats located across Malta to third parties.
- XYZ Rentals Limited has opted for such rental income to be subject to a final withholding tax of 15% on the gross rental income (without any deductions) in terms of article 31D of the ITA.

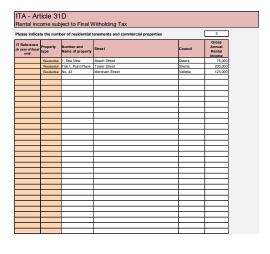


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## THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 2 – TRA 83





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#### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 83



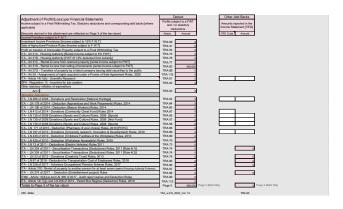


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# THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 2 – TRA 60





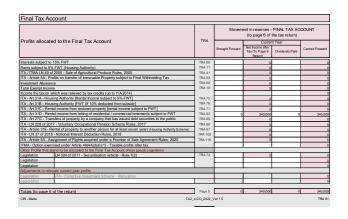
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#### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 61





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### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

**EXAMPLE 3** 

- Sunshine Limited is a Malta registered company. For the financial year ended 31 December 2022, Sunshine Limited derived chargeable income (pre-NID) amounting to €5,000,000.
- The company was eligible to claim NID amounting to €1,000,000 for the year.
- As a result, the company's chargeable income was reduced to €4,000,000 (tax at 35% thereon is €1,400,000).

Tax Account Allocations	Direct Allocation	Indirect Allocation	Closing Balance
FTA	€1,000,000	€100,000	€1,100,000
MTA	€2,600,000	(€100,000)	€2,500,000
Total	€3,600,000	-	€3,600,000



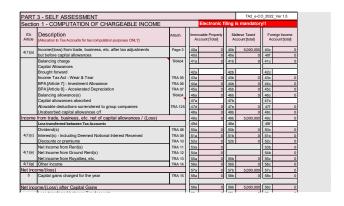
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#### THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA')

EXAMPLE 3 - PAGE 4





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# THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 3 – PAGE 4

L	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts				60b	0	60c	0
	ne / (Loss) after loss transfer between tax accounts		61a	0	61b	5,000,000	61c	0
16 to 22 G	SROUP LOSS RELIEF							
L	oss SURRENDERED to group company/companies	TRA 19	62a	0	62b	0	62c	0
Net Incom	ne/(Loss) after loss surrender to group companies		63a	0	63b	5,000,000	63c	0
16 to 22 G	Group Loss CLAIMED							
G	Group Loss Absorbed this year	TRA 20	64a	0	64b	0	64c	0
Net Incom	ne /(Loss) after Group Relief		65a	0	65b	5,000,000	65c	0
U	Inabsorbed Trading Losses b/fwd from previous year		66a	$\neg$	66b		66c	0
Total Inco	me /(Loss)		67a	0	67b	5,000,000	67c	0
L	oss transferred between Tax Accounts		68a	0	68b	0	68c	0
	hargeable income for the year from Projects	TRA 89	68d	0				
14(1)(o) N	lotional Interest Deduction	TRA 100			68e	(1,000,000)	68f	0
Net Incom	ne /(Loss) after Notional Interest Deduction				68g	4,000,000	68h	0
A	llowable deductions claimed from group companies	TRA 125	68i	0	68j	0	68k	0
Chargeab	69a	0	69b	4,000,000	69c	0		
14(1)(g) U	habsorbed Trading Losses c/fwd		70a	0	70b	0	70c	0
				0		4,000,000		0
CfR - Malta								



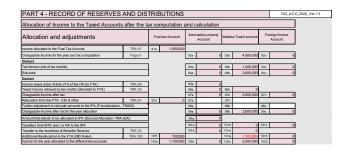
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# THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 3 – PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)





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# THE FINAL TAX ACCOUNT ('FTA') EXAMPLE 3 – TRA 61

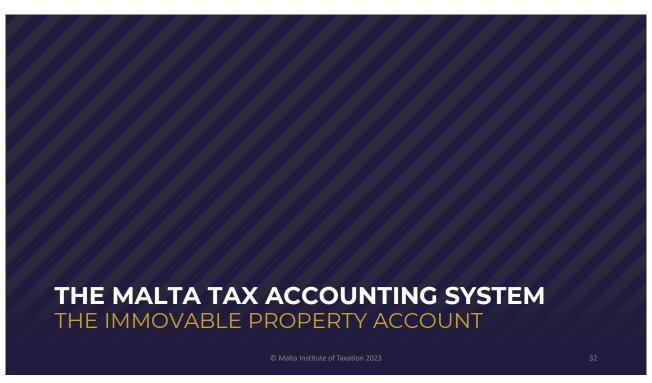
Final Tax Account							
		Movement in reserves - FINAL TAX ACCOUNT (to page 6 of the tax return)					
Profits allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA	Brought Forward	Currer Net income after Tax (To Page 6 Return)	nt Year Dividends Paid	Carried Forward		
Interests subject to 15% FWT	TRA 09		0		0		
Rents subject to 5% FWT (Housing Authority)	TRA 11		0		0		
ITA / ITMA LN 49 of 2005 - Sale of Agricultural Produce Rules, 2005	TRA 41		0		0		
ITA - Article 5A - Profits on transfer of Immovable Property subject to Final Withholding Tax	TRA 53		0		0		
Investment Allowance	TRA 06		0		0		
Total Exempt Income	TRA 18		0		0		
Income the tax on which was relieved by tax credits (up to Y/A 2014)					0		
ITA - Art 31A - Housing Authority [Rental Income subject to 5% FWT]	TRA 75		0		0		
ITA - Art 31B - Housing Authority (FWT 0f 10% deducted from subsidy)	TRA 76		0		0		
ITA - Art 31C - Rental income from restored property [rental income subject to FWT]	TRA 77		0		0		
ITA - Art 31D - Rental income from letting of residential / commercial tenements subject to FWT	TRA 83		0		0		
ITA - Art 27G - Transfers of property by a company that has issued debt securities to the public	TRA 89		0		0		
ITA - LN 228 of 2017 - Voluntary Occupational Pension Scheme Rules, 2017	TRA 98		0		0		
ITA - Article 31E- Rental of property to another person for at least seven years (Housing Authority Scheme)	TRA 97		0		0		
ITA - LN 37 of 2018 - Notional Interest Deduction Rules, 2018	TRA 100		1,100,000	0	1,100,000		
ITA - Article 5A - Assignment of Rights acquired under a Promise of Sale Agreement Rules. 2020	TRA 119		0		0		
ITMA - Option exercised under Article 48(4A)(b)(i)(1) - Taxable profits after tax					0		
Other Profits that stand to be allocated to the Final Tax Account (Pleae specify Legislation)							
Legislation LN 324 of 2011 - Securitisation vehicle - Rule 7(2)	TRA 74		0		0		
Legislation					0		
Legislation					0		
Adjustments to relocate current year profits							
Legislation ITA - Collective Investment Scheme - Relocation					0		
Legislation					0		
Totals [to page 6 of the return]	Page 6	0	1,100,000	0	1,100,000		
CR-Mata TA2_	e-CO_2022_	Ver 1.5			TRA 61		



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') DEFINITION

• The IPA is defined in article 2 ITA:

"immovable property account" shall mean the taxed account to which distributable profits which have suffered tax and which are not allocated to the final tax account calculated in such manner as may be prescribed, shall be allocated before any distributable profits are allocated to the other taxed accounts



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') DEFINITION

• The IPA has two types of allocations:

Primary Allocations Secondary / Notional Allocations



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#### PRIMARY ALLOCATIONS

- The TAR provides an exhaustive list of the profits which are allocated to the IPA
- · Profits typically allocated to the IPA are the following:
  - Dividends paid out of profits allocated to the IPA of another company;
  - The amount of chargeable income after tax resulting from any profits or gains in respect
    of which a company has exercised its option to make an election in accordance with Rule
    9 of the TAR.
- Additionally, any profits, gains or income derived, directly or indirectly, from immovable property situated in Malta are allocated to the IPA, consisting of:
  - The amount of chargeable income after tax from any profits or gains of whatever nature derived from the transfer of such immovable property or of any rights whatsoever on such property or in relation thereto, if article 5A of the ITA does not find application;



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') PRIMARY ALLOCATIONS

- The amount of chargeable income after tax derived from rents, premiums, provisions of accommodation and any income or gains however described and of whatever nature derived, directly or indirectly, from such immovable property, including gains or profits derived from any timeshare option and from the provision of accommodation;
- The amount of chargeable income after tax resulting from profits directly derived from, and
  not merely from the utilization of, services provided through the use of cables, wires, pipes and
  any other material, device or apparatus, where such cable, wire, pipe, material, device or
  apparatus is annexed to a tenement or installed in the ground permanently to remain
  incorporated therewith. The provision of services shall include the provision of electricity, gas,
  fuel, water, telephone services, telecommunication infrastructures, electronic communication
  services / networks, associated facilities, services and data, radio and television;
- The amount of chargeable income after tax, derived from work carried out on or in relation to such immovable property consisting of brokerage and professional services, construction work, project management of construction work and work of tradesmen;

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PRIMARY ALLOCATIONS

- The amount of chargeable income after tax resulting from profits derived from the provision of management services in relation to any activity as a result of which income is derived from the provision of accommodation;
- Any other profits however described whether the CfR is of the opinion that the said
  profits are directly or indirectly derived from immovable property situated in Malta and, in
  such a case, the CfR may determine the manner in which such profits are to be
  determined:
- Profits or gains after tax however described derived from the disposal of shares or other interests in any entity which, directly or indirectly, principally owns immovable property situated in Malta.



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') SECONDARY / NOTIONAL ALLOCATIONS

- Rule 5(3)(e) of the TAR provides that the following shall be determined **gross** before any deductions whatsoever:
  - Interest, fees or any other consideration howsoever described derived, directly or indirectly, from the granting of loans or from any form of credit to finance the acquisition, development, construction, refurbishment, renovation of immovable property situated in Malta or any right thereon including professional fees related thereto (including fees related to the acquisition of finance) and any other matter which increases or enhances the value of such immovable property or any right thereon; and
  - · Insurance premiums related to the insurance of such property.



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') SECONDARY / NOTIONAL ALLOCATIONS

- Rule 5(3)(h) of the TAR introduces the concept of the Annual Market Rent ('AMR'):
  - The amount of the AMR of such immovable property owned and used by the company
    for the purpose of its activities (excluding property which is rented by the said company
    to other parties) calculated by multiplying the aggregate surface area in square metres of
    all floors of such premises so owned and used by €250 per annum;
  - For the purposes of the above, any property held by a company under the title of emphyteusis shall be deemed to be owned by the said company.



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') SECONDARY / NOTIONAL ALLOCATIONS

- Rule 5(4) of the TAR states that for the purposes of allocating distributable profits to the IPA in terms of sub-rules 5(3)(e) and 5(3)(h), the allocation of profits must first be made to **ALL** tax accounts, with the provisions of sub-rules 5(3)(e) and 5(3)(h) being ignored.
- After all primary allocations are effected, the amounts of chargeable income after tax which are to be allocated to the IPA in terms of sub-rules 5(3)(e) and 5(3)(h) are to be re-allocated to the IPA. Such amounts shall first be transferred from amounts which would have been allocated to the Maltese Taxed Account and then from amounts which would have been allocated to the Foreign Income Account.



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- XYZ Limited took out a bank loan in order to finance the acquisition of immovable property situated in Malta. The interest charged by the bank on this loan for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to €20,000. Allowable expenses of the bank against such interest income amounted to €1,500.
- Tax return extracts for the bank are as follows:



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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 09

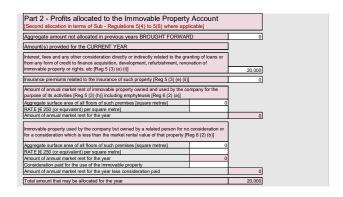
		Alloc	ated	
Interests [Article 4 (1)(c) ITA]	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed Account	Foreign Income Account
Gross Interest NOT subject to 15% Final Withholding tax			20,000	
Deemed Interest Income as per NID Rules				
Grossed up element for Flat rate foreign tax credit				
Gross Interest Received	0	0	20,000	0
Less direct expenses [Details required]	_			
Interest expense	0	0	0	0
Allowable expenditure			1,500	
Interest increase after deducation discrete conserva-			10 500	
Interest income after deducting direct expenses	0	0	18,500 18,500	
			10,000	-
Net non-distributed income in terms of Regulation 7(2) of SL123.187		0	0	0
Total interest income	0	0	18,500	0
Final Withholding Tax on Investment Income				
Transfer to the Final Tax Account				
Transfer to the Final Tax Account				
CfR - Malta				TRA 09



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EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 62A



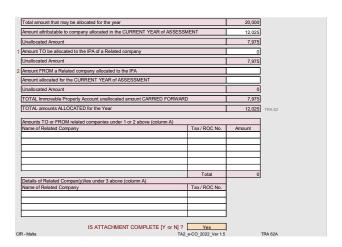


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# THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 62A





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EXAMPLE 1 – PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

PART 4 - RECORD OF RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTIONS										0_2022_Ver 1.5
Allocation of Income to the Taxed Account	s after the ta	эх со	mputation a	and (	calculation					
Allocation and adjustments		Final tax Account		lmm	ovable property Account	Maltese Taxed account		f Foreign Income Account		
Income allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA 61	91a	0							
Chargeable income for the year per tax computation	Page 5			92a	0	92ъ	18,500	92c	0	
Deduct		•		_						
Tax thereon (net of tax credits)				93a	0	93ъ	6,475	93c	0	
Sub-total				94a	0	94Ь	12,025	94c	0	
Deduct										
Income taxed under Article 27G of the ITA (to FTA)	TRA 89	]		25a	0					
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits (allocated to FTA)	TRA 35	1		96a	0	96ь	0			
Chargeable Income after tax				27a	0	97ь	12,025	27c	0	
Relocation from the FTA - CIS & other	TRA 61	97d	0	27e		97f				
Further adjustment to relocate amounts to the PA (First allocation	- TRA62)			98a		98ь		98c		
Chargeable income after tax for the year allocated				29a	0	29Ъ	12,025	29c	0	
Amount that stands to be allocated to IPA (Second Allocation -TRA 62A)				100a	12,025	ı _				
Transfers from MTA and / or FIA to the IPA		1		101a	12,025	101b	(12,025)	101c	0	
Transfer to the Incentives & Benefits Reserve	TRA 23			101d	0	101e	0			
Additional Reallocation to the FTA (NID Rules)	TRA 100	101f	0			101g	0	101h	0	
Income for the year allocated to the different tax accounts		102a	0	102b	12,025	102c	0	102d	0	



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 2

- Purple Limited is a Malta registered company. The company owns an office in Malta measuring 500 square metres, from which it carries out its operations.
- The below are the primary allocations of Purple Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2022:

-
100,000
75,000
175,000



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- The following are the workings for the secondary allocation:
- 500 square metres multiplied by €250 = €125,000

Tax Accounts	Primary Allocation	Secondary Allocation	Closing Balance		
IPA	-	125,000	125,000		
FIA	100,000	(50,000)	50,000		
MTA	75,000	(75,000)	-		
Total	175,000	-	175,000		



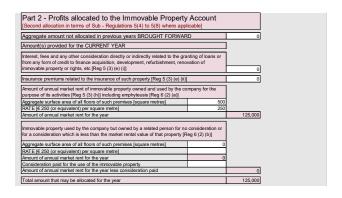
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 62A

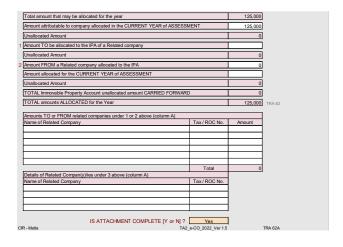




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EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 62A





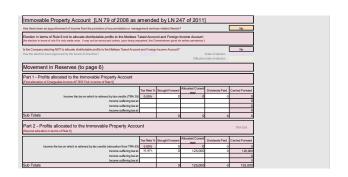
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 62 (EXTRACT)





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EXAMPLE 2 - PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

DART 4 DECORD OF DECERVES	AND DIO	TOIL	UITIONIO							
PART 4 - RECORD OF RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTIONS										_2022_Ver 1
Allocation of Income to the Taxed Account	after the ta	ах со	mputation	and o	alculation					
Allocation and adjustments		Final tax Account		lmm	wable property Account	Maltese Taxed account		Foreign Income Account		
Income allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA 61	91a	0	1						
Chargeable income for the year per tax computation	Page 5			92a	0	92ъ	115,385	92c	153,846	
Deduct										
Tax thereon (net of tax credits)				93a	0	23Ъ	40,385	23c	53,846	
Sub-total				94a	0	94Ь	75,000	94c	100,000	
Deduct				=						
Income taxed under Article 27G of the ITA (to FTA)	TRA 89			25a	0					
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits (allocated to FTA)	TRA 35			96a	0	96ь	0			
Chargeable income after tax				97a	0	97ь	75,000	27c	100,000	
Relocation from the FTA - CIS & other	TRA 61	97d		97e		97f				
Further adjustment to relocate amounts to the PA (First allocation	TRA62)			98a		98ь		98c		
Chargeable income after tax for the year allocated				29 a	0	29Ъ	75,000	29c	100,000	
Amount that stands to be allocated to IPA (Second Allocation -TRA 62A)				100a	125,000	l				
Transfers from MTA and / or FIA to the IPA		1		101a	125,000	101b	(75,000)	101c	(50,000)	
Transfer to the Incentives & Benefits Reserve	TRA 23			101d	0	101e	0			
Additional Reallocation to the FTA (NID Rules)	TRA 100	101f	0			101g	0	101h	0	
Income for the year allocated to the different tax accounts		102a	0	102b	125,000	102c	0	102d	50,000	



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') SECONDARY / NOTIONAL ALLOCATIONS

- It shall be deemed that immovable property is owned by a company using such property, and such company shall therefore be required to allocate AMR to its IPA in the event that the company:
  - Uses immovable property for the purpose of its activities which is owned by a related person; and
  - The property is being rented for no consideration or for a consideration which is **less than the market rental value** of that property and the said consideration is less than €250 per square metre per annum.
- In this case, the amount to be re-allocated to the IPA is reduced by the amount of rent, if any, that such company is paying to the owner of the property.



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SECONDARY / NOTIONAL ALLOCATIONS

- For this purpose, a person shall be deemed to be related to a company if:
  - That person and the company are, directly or indirectly, controlled or beneficially owned to the extent of more than 25% by the same persons; or
  - That person owns, directly or indirectly, more than 25% of the ordinary share capital and voting rights of the company; or
  - That person, in any capacity whatsoever, including that of a trustee, holds the said property or receives the said consideration for and on behalf of or for the benefit of a related party.



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 3

- Black Limited is a Malta registered company owning immovable property situated in Malta measuring 2,000 square metres. Black Limited rents such property to its fully owned subsidiary, White Limited, for a consideration amounting to €100,000 per annum.
- The below are the primary allocations of White Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2022:

Primary Allocation
-
250,000
300,000
550,000



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- The following are the workings for the secondary allocation:
- 2,000 square metres multiplied by €250 = €500,000
- Less rental expense of €100,000 = €400,000

Tax Accounts	Primary Allocation	Secondary Allocation	Closing Balance
IPA	-	400,000	400,000
FIA	250,000	(100,000)	150,000
MTA	300,000	(300,000)	-
Total	550,000	-	550,000



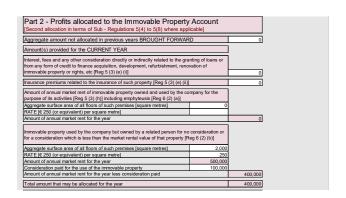
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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 3 - TRA 62A





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EXAMPLE 3 – TRA 62A

Total amount that may be allocated for the year		400,000
Amount attributable to company allocated in the CURRENT YEAR of ASSES	SMENT	400,000
Unallocated Amount		0
Amount TO be allocated to the IPA of a Related company		0
Unallocated Amount		0
Amount FROM a Related company allocated to the IPA		0
Amount allocated for the CURRENT YEAR of ASSESSMENT		
Unallocated Amount		0
TOTAL Immovable Property Account unallocated amount CARRIED FORWA	RD	0
TOTAL amounts ALLOCATED for the Year		400,000
Amounts TO or FROM related companies under 1 or 2 above (column A)	Tax/ROC No.	
Name of Related Company	Tax / ROC No.	Amount
	Total	0
Details of Related Compan(y)/ies under 3 above (column A)	Total	
Name of Related Company	Tax / ROC No.	
IS ATTACHMENT COMPLETE [Y or N]	? Yes	
	A2 e-CO 2022 Ver 1.5	



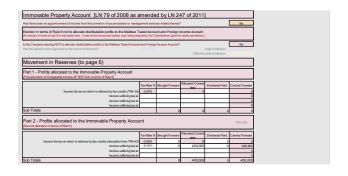
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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 3 - TRA 62 (EXTRACT)

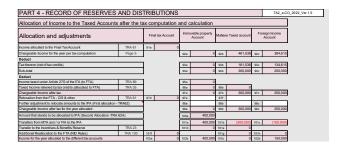




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EXAMPLE 3 - PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)





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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

'SPILL-OVER' OF EXCESS AMR, GROSS INTEREST & PREMIUMS

- Rule 5(7) of the TAR regulates the treatment whereby any excess AMR and Gross Interest and Premiums at the level of one company are reallocated from the MTA and FIA of related companies to the IPA of the related company.
- This implies that where notional allocations cannot be made by a company for a particular year of assessment because there are no or limited taxable profits allocated to the company's MTA and / or FIA, then any notional allocations not allocated to the IPA of the company are to be taken over by a related company.
- The related company taking over the unallocated notional allocations would be required to re-allocate profits from its MTA and FIA into its IPA.



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'SPILL-OVER' OF EXCESS AMR, GROSS INTEREST & PREMIUMS

- The amount of unallocated notional allocations that can be taken over by the related company cannot be in excess of the related company's current year MTA and FIA allocations.
- For this purpose, a company shall be deemed to be related to another company if, at the end of the year preceding the relevant year of assessment, both companies are:
  - · Resident in Malta; and
  - One is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiary companies of a third company, resident in Malta.
- Notwithstanding the above, a company which elected in terms of Rule 9 of the TAR shall not be considered as a related company for the purposes of this rule.



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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

'SPILL-OVER' OF EXCESS AMR, GROSS INTEREST & PREMIUMS

- A company is deemed to be a subsidiary of another company (the 'parent company'):
  - If and so long as more than 50% of its ordinary share capital and more than 50% of its voting rights are owned directly or indirectly by the parent company; or
  - The parent company is beneficially entitled either directly or indirectly to more than 50% of any profits available for distribution to the ordinary shareholders of the subsidiary company; or
  - The parent company would be beneficially entitled either directly or indirectly to more than 50% of any assets of the subsidiary company available for distribution to its ordinary shareholders on a winding up.
- It is important to note that the CfR may, in his absolute discretion, consider
  a company to be related to another company where in his opinion the
  relationship between the companies has been structured with the sole or
  main purpose of circumventing the provisions of this rule.



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 Malta Holding Limited is a Malta registered company, owning immovable property situated in Malta measuring 2,500 square metres. The primary allocations of Malta Holding Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Tax Accounts	Primary Allocation
MTA	250,000
Total	250,000



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## THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 4

 Malta Trading Limited is a fully-owned subsidiary of Malta Holding Limited. The primary allocations of Malta Trading Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

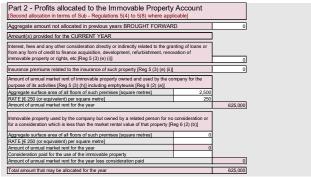
Tax Accounts	Primary Allocation
MTA	300,000
Total	300,000



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EXAMPLE 4 - MALTA HOLDING LIMITED TRA 62A



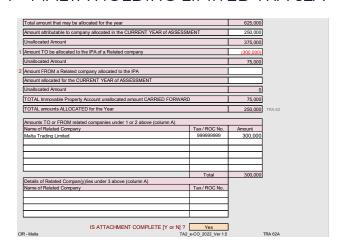


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# THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 4 – MALTA HOLDING LIMITED TRA 62A





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# THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') EXAMPLE 4 – MALTA HOLDING LIMITED PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

PART 4 - RECORD OF RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTIONS							TA2_e-CO_2022_Ver 1.5			
Allocation of Income to the Taxed Account	s after the ta	эх со	mputation	and i	calculation					
Allocation and adjustments		Final tax Account		lmm	ovable property Account	Maltese Taxed account		Foreign Income Account		
Income allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA 61	91a								
Chargeable income for the year per tax computation	Page 5			92a	0	92ъ	384,615	92c	0	
Deduct				_	•	_				
Tax thereon (net of tax credits)		1		23a	0	23ь	134,615	23c	0	
Sub-total		1		94a	0	94Ь	250,000	94c	0	
Deduct				_						
Income taxed under Article 27G of the ITA (to FTA)	TRA 89	1		25a	0	l				
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits (allocated to FTA)	TRA 35	]		96a	0	96Ь	0			
Chargeable Income after tax				27a	0	97ь	250,000	27c	0	
Relocation from the FTA - CIS & other	TRA 61	97d		27e		971				
Further adjustment to relocate amounts to the PA (First allocation - TRA62)				98a		98ь		98c		
Chargeable income after tax for the year allocated				29a	0	29Ъ	250,000	29c	0	
Amount that stands to be allocated to IPA (Second Allocation -TRA 62A)		]		100a	250,000	1				
Transfers from MTA and / or FIA to the IPA		1		101a	250,000	101Ь	(250,000)	101c	0	
Transfer to the Incentives & Benefits Reserve	TRA 23			101d	0	101e	0			
Additional Reallocation to the FTA (NID Rules)	TRA 100	101f				101g	0	101h	0	
Income for the year allocated to the different tax accounts		102a		102b	250,000	102c	0	102d	0	



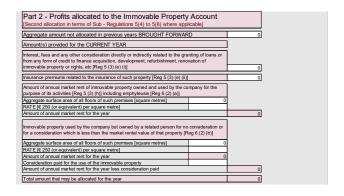
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 4 - MALTA TRADING LIMITED TRA 62A

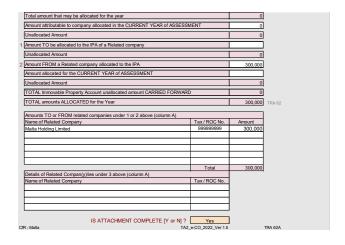




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EXAMPLE 4 - MALTA TRADING LIMITED TRA 62A





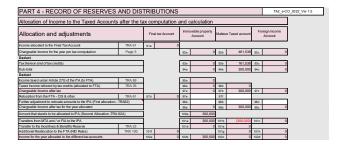
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

EXAMPLE 4 - MALTA TRADING LIMITED PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)





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#### MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY

- When a company is related to more than one company, one needs to consider the percentage of beneficial entitlement that the parent company of the group has to the amounts of distributed profits allocated to the MTA and FIA of the various related companies for that particular year of assessment.
- The spill-over shall first be allocated by the related company in which the
  parent company has the highest percentage beneficial entitlement to the
  amount of distributable profits, derived in the respective accounting period
  and allocated to the MTA and FIA.
- Any unallocated secondary allocations (not taken over by the parent company referred to in the above paragraph) shall then be allocated to the related company in which the parent company has the second highest beneficial entitlement to the distributable profits for that year, and so on.



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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

#### MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY

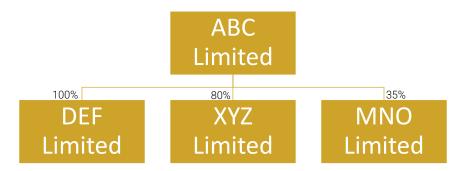
- The parent company shall be deemed to hold a 100% beneficial entitlement
  to the amount of distributable profits derived in the respective accounting
  period and allocated to the MTA and FIA of the parent company.
  Accordingly, the parent company is deemed to be one of the related
  companies by which an allocation must be made.
- It is important to note that dividends received from a company registered in Malta are to be **disregarded** for spill-over purposes.



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MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



 To which companies and in what order would DEF Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?



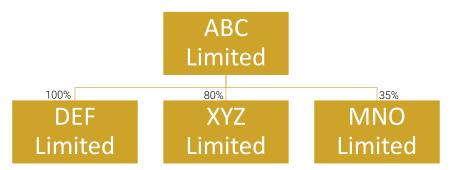
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



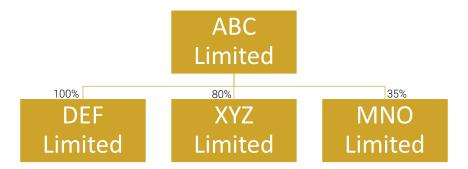
- To which companies and in what order would DEF Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?
  - ABC Limited
  - XYZ Limited

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MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



 To which companies and in what order would XYZ Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?



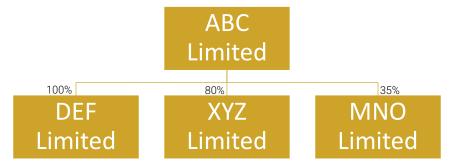
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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



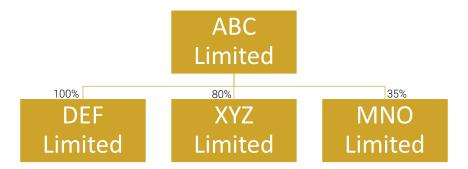
- To which companies and in what order would XYZ Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?
  - · ABC Limited and DEF Limited, in no particular order

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MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



 To which companies and in what order would MNO Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?



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#### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

MORE THAN ONE RELATED COMPANY



- To which companies and in what order would MNO Limited transfer its unutilised notional allocations?
  - No unutilised notional allocations would be transferred since the relationship with the other companies is less than 50%



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RULE 5(8) - TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN RELATED COMPANIES

In the event that a company derives profits consisting of interest, royalties, fees or any other consideration from the granting of loans or any form of credit or from the provision of services to a related company or from the use of tangible or intangible assets by a related company where such profits would have been allocated to the IPA, were it not for the said transaction or transactions, and where such a transaction or transactions from which such profits are derived are entered into with the sole or main purpose of a shareholder or shareholders of any of the said companies obtaining a refund of an amount of tax in terms of article 48(4) or 48(4A) of the Income Tax Management Act to which the said shareholder or shareholders would not have been entitled were it not for the said transaction or transactions, the provisions of article 48(10) of the Income Tax Management Act shall apply.



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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') RULE 9 ELECTION

- Companies have the option to elect so that the profits that stand to be allocated to the MTA and the FIA are instead allocated automatically to the IPA of the company.
- All the secondary / notional IPA allocations do not find application for companies that elect in terms of Rule 9, unless one of the related companies (< 50% relationship) does not elect.</li>
- Once made, an election applies automatically to all subsequent years. The
  election can only be revoked at the absolute discretion of the CfR and the
  company would be required to effect allocations to the MTA and FIA as if it
  had never elected.
- The main scope of the Rule 9 election is to facilitate tax accounting through a direct allocation of a company's profits to the IPA and FTA.



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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA') RULE 9 ELECTION – TAX RETURN EXTRACT (PAGE 2)





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### THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY ACCOUNT ('IPA')

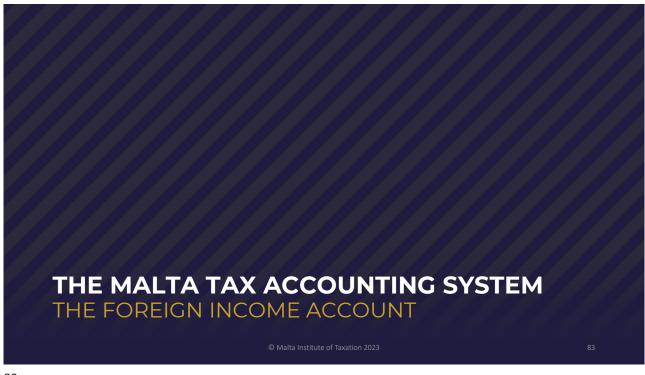
RULE 9 ELECTION – TAX RETURN EXTRACT (TRA 62)





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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') DEFINITION

• A list of distributable profits which are to be allocated to the FIA can be found in article 2 ITA:

"foreign income account" shall ... mean any of the following categories of distributable profits arising in that year and in subsequent years to the extent that they result from taxable income



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') ALLOCATIONS

- Article 2 of the ITA provides an exhaustive list of what is to be allocated to the FIA of a particular company:
  - Profits resulting from royalties and similar income arising outside Malta and from
    dividends, capital gains, interest, rents, income or gains derived from a participating
    holding or from the disposal of such holding other than a participating holding in a
    company resident in Malta, or in a partnership en commandite the capital of which is not
    divided into shares which is resident in Malta, and any other income derived from
    investments situated outside Malta, which are liable to tax in Malta and are receivable by a
    company registered in Malta (not under the Malta Financial Services Authority Act);
  - Profits resulting from investments, assets or liabilities situated outside Malta to a
    company not registered under the MFSA Act, and either licensed as a bank in Malta or in
    possession of a licence granted under the provisions of the Financial Institutions Act;
     Provided that with effect from year of assessment 2016, the above paragraph shall not be
    applicable to any company which is not specifically empowered to receive such profits or
    gains;



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA')

**ALLOCATIONS** 

It is important to consider that for companies which are licensed as a bank in Malta or which form part of a banking group, the following also need to be considered in order for the company to allocate profits to the FIA:

More than 95% of the bank's average daily deposits throughout the financial year must be taken from persons who are not residents in Malta; and

Where the company forms part of a banking group, such group must meet (on a consolidated basis) the requirement referred to in the above point.

A definition of a 'banking group' and 'average daily deposits' is found in article 2 of the ITA.



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') ALLOCATIONS

- ...
  - All profits or gains of a company registered in Malta which are liable to tax in Malta and attributable to a permanent establishment (including a branch) situated outside Malta;
  - · Profits resulting from dividends paid out of the FIA of another company;
  - Profits or gains resulting to a company registered in Malta authorised under the Insurance Business Act (not under the MFSA Act) from the business of insurance in relation to risks situated outside Malta.

The above provision however, only applies to companies which allocated such profits to the FIA on the basis of such paragraph up to year of assessment 2007 and such companies were only entitled to continue allocating such profits to the FIA up to year of assessment 2011.

 It is important to note that Collective Investment Schemes and insurance companies (with effect from year of assessment 2012) cannot make any allocations to the FIA.



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') EXAMPLE 1

- Alpha Limited is a Malta registered company with a minority shareholding (less than 5%) in Beta Limited, a company incorporated in Italy. During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, Beta Limited distributed gross dividends amounting to €50,000 to Beta Limited.
- The dividend income was not subject to any withholding tax in Italy.



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 08

			Gr	oss Divider	ıd			Tax De	ducted		Net g Dividend
IT No. / R.O.C. No.	Paying Company	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed A/c	Foreign Income A/c	Untaxed A/c	Malta tax paid	DTR	FRFTC	W'hlding tax	
	Beta Limited				50,000						50,0
				_							
				_						_	
		_	_	_							
		_		_						-	
		_		_		_					
		_								_	
		_	_	_							
		_									
		_	_	_							
	Totals >			0	50,000			0	0	. 0	50
Divider	ds the tax on which is relieved by Ta	x Credits	IPA	MTA			Tax credit				
	Totals >	TRA 35				TRA 35					



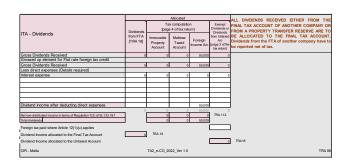
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#### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 08





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#### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 63\_1

	BROUGHT	CURRE	CARRIED		
OREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT	FORWARD	Allocated	Dividends Paid	FORWARD	
ncome from Participating Holdings NOT subject to relief of Double Taxation			I		
ncome from Participating Holdings subject to relief of Double Taxation					
Other types of foreign income not subject to relief of Double Taxation	0	32,500	0	32,50	
Other types of foreign income subject to Treaty/Unitateral Relief					
Other types of foreign income subject to FRFTC					
ncome from overseas permanent establishment not subject to relief of double taxation				-	
ncome from overseas permanent establishment subject to relief of double taxation				Ū	
Dividends from local sources received out of foreign income accounts NOT subject to relief of Double Taxation				_	
Dividends from local sources received out of foreign income accounts subject to relief of Double Taxation				-	
Passive interest or royalties not subject to relief of Double Taxation				Ī	
Passive Interest or royalties subject to Treaty/Unilateral Relief				-	
Passive interest or royalties subject to FRFTC				-	
otals [to page 6 of the tax return]	0	32,500	0	32,50	



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') EXAMPLE 2

- ABC Limited is a Malta registered company. During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, ABC Limited derived passive interest income from a loan granted to a foreign third party, amounting to €100,000.
- No foreign tax was incurred in relation to such passive interest income and ABC Limited is specifically empowered, in terms of its Memorandum and Articles of Association, to receive such foreign income.



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#### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA')

EXAMPLE 2 - TRA 09

		Alloc	ated	
Interests [Article 4 (1)(c) ITA]	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed Account	Foreign Income Account
Gross Interest NOT subject to 15% Final Withholding tax				100,000
Deemed Interest Income as per NID Rules				
Grossed up element for Flat rate foreign tax credit				25,000
Gross Interest Received	0	0	0	125,000
Less direct expenses [Details required]				
Interest expense	0	0		0
Interest income after deducting direct expenses				125,000
	0	0	0	125,000
Net non-distributed income in terms of Regulation 7(2) of SL123.187		0	0	0
Total interest income	0	0	0	125,000
Final Withholding Tax on Investment Income				
Transfer to the Final Tax Account				
CfR - Malta				TRA 09



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### THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') EXAMPLE 2 – TRA 30





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## THE FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT ('FIA') EXAMPLE 2 – TRA 63\_1

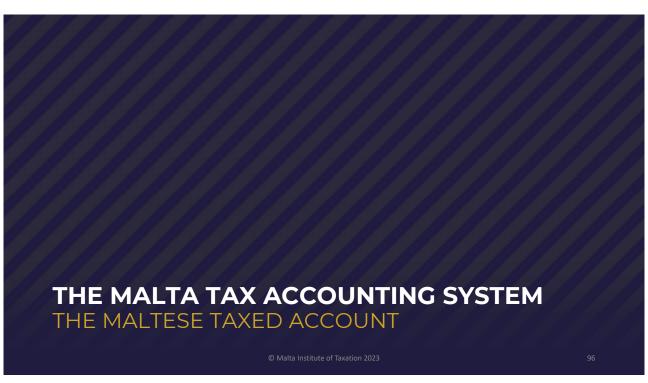
Allocation to the Foreign Income Account and the Maltese Taxed Account				
EODEION INCOME ACCOUNT	BROUGHT	CURREN	IT YEAR	CARRIED
FOREIGN INCOME ACCOUNT	FORWARD	Allocated	Dividends Paid	FORWARD
Income from Participating Holdings NOT subject to relief of Double Taxation				
Income from Participating Holdings subject to relief of Double Taxation				
Other types of foreign income not subject to relief of Double Taxation				
Other types of foreign income subject to Treaty/Unilateral Relief				
Other types of foreign income subject to FRFTC				
Income from overseas permanent establishment not subject to relief of double taxation				Ī
Income from overseas permanent establishment subject to relief of double taxation				-
Dividends from local sources received out of foreign income accounts NOT subject to relief of Double Taxation				
Dividends from local sources received out of foreign income accounts subject to relief of Double Taxation				-
Passive interest or royalties not subject to relief of Double Taxation				
Passive Interest or royalties subject to Treaty/Unilateral Relief				-
Passive interest or royalties subject to FRFTC		106,250	0	106,251
Totals (to page 6 of the tax return)	0	106,250	0	106,251
CIR- Mata TA2_e-CO_2022_Ve	r 1.5			TRA 63_



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### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') DEFINITION

• The MTA is defined in article 2 of the ITA as follows:

"Maltese taxed account" means any of those profits of a company that are not included in the foreign income account and:

(a) which have suffered tax; or(b) which have been exempt from tax under the provisions of any Maltese law and where the distribution of such profits by the company is also exempt from tax in the hands of the shareholders [provided that this paragraph shall cease to apply with effect from year of assessment 2008]



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### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') ALLOCATIONS

- With effect from YA 2015, the following profits shall also fall to be allocated to the MTA (instead of the FTA):
  - The amount of chargeable income the tax chargeable on which has been relieved from payments by any tax credits where the distribution of such profits is exempt from tax in the hands of the shareholders; and
  - The amount of the chargeable income the tax chargeable on which has been relieved from payment by any tax credits under certain rules / regulations.



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• Malta Manufacturing Limited is a company registered in Malta, engaged in the manufacture of children's toys. As at 31 December 2022, the company had unabsorbed tax credits amounting to €250,000, which credits had previously been granted in terms of the Investment Aid Regulations. The company's chargeable income for that year amounted to €700,000.



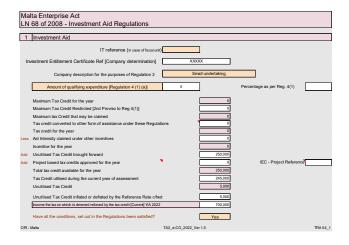
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### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA')

EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 54





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### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 35

TAX CREDITS UTILISED DURING THE YEAR - Summary Statement		Tax credit	Taxed Income Reseved	Taxed Account
BPA - Regulation 5 - [Investment Tax Credit]	TRA 29	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
BPA - Regulation 14 - [Training Tax Credit]	TRA34	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
BPA - Regulations 31 to 37 [Conversion Scheme - Large Companies]	TRA36	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ITA - Dividends the tax on which is relieved by Tax Credits (ONLY from the IPA of another company)	TRA 08	0	0	Immovable Property Account
ITA - Dividends the tax on which is relieved by Tax Credits (DNLY from the MTA of another company)	TRA 08	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 38 of 2015 - Assistance for Research and Development and Innovation (Amendment) Regulations, 2015	TRA91	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 118 of 2015 (Rule 17) - Tax Credit for Qualifying Certifications	TRA 90	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - Investment Aid Regulations 2014 - 2020	TRA86	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - SL463.09 - Mioro Invest 2014	TRA88	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 68 of 2008 - Investment Aid Regulations	TRA54	245,000	700,000	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 168 of 2009 - Assistance for R&D and Innovation Regulations, 2009	TRA 65	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN178 of 2016 - Assistance for Knowledge Transfer Regulations, 2016	TRA92	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN179 of 2016 - Investment Aid for High Efficiency Cogeneration Regulations, 2016	TRA93	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 194 of 2016 - Enterprise Support Incentives (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations, 2016 - Rule 20	TRA94	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ITA - LN 228 of 2017 - Voluntary Occupational Pension Scheme Rules, 2017	TRA96	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 153 of 2017 - Tax Credit for Research and Development and Innovation Regulations, 2017	TRA 101	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 166 of 2017 - Research and Development Activities Regulations, 2017 - Rule 4	TRA 102	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 166 of 2017 - Research and Development Activities Regulations, 2017 - Rule 6	TRA 103	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 166 of 2017 - Research and Development Activities Regulations, 2017 - R&D 2014 - 2020	TRA 104	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 167 of 2017 - Catering Capacity Building Regulations, 2017	TRA 105	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 120 of 2018 - Tax Credits Supporting the Refurbishment of Hotels and Restaurants	TRA 108	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 122 of 2018 - Investment Aid for Energy Efficiency Regulations, 2018	TRA 109	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 69 of 2019 - Tax Credits Supporting the Development of Video Games with a Cultural Dimension	TRA 114	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - LN 15 of 2019 - Skills Development Regulations	TRA 115	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - St. 463.25 - Business Advisory Services Regulations	TRA 121	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
ME Act - SL 463.38 - Business Development 2021	TRA 122	0	0	Maltase Taxed Account
ME Act - SL 463.40 - Investment Aid Regulations 2021	TRA 123	0	0	Maltese Taxed Account
Totals - Allocation to the Immovable Property Account (for tax computation and calculation purposes only)	Page 5	0	0	
Totals - Allocation to the Maitese Tax Account (for tax computation and calculation purposes only)	Page 5	245.000	700.000	
Total tax credits and taxed income relieved		245,000	700,000	
ALLOCATION TO THE TAXED ACCOUNTS				
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits that stands to be allocated to the Final Tax Account  Taxed Income relieved by tax credits that stands to be allocated to the Immovable Property Account	TRA61		0	
	TRA 62		0	
Taxed income relieved by tax credits that stands to be allocated to the Maltese Tax Account	TRA 63		700,000	
CIR-Matte TA2_e-C0_2022_Ver 1.5				TRA 35

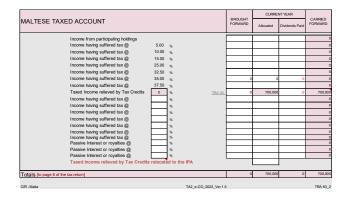


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#### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 63\_2





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#### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA')

EXAMPLE 2 (Continuation of FTA Example 3)

- Sunshine Limited is a Malta registered company. For the financial year ended 31 December 2022, Sunshine Limited derived chargeable income (pre-NID) amounting to €5,000,000.
- The company was eligible to claim NID amounting to €1,000,000 for the year.
- As a result, the company's chargeable income was reduced to €4,000,000 (tax at 35% thereon is €1,400,000).

Tax Account Allocations	Direct Allocation	Indirect Allocation	Closing Balance
FTA	€1,000,000	€100,000	€1,100,000
MTA	€2,600,000	(€100,000)	€2,500,000
Total	€3,600,000	-	€3,600,000



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#### THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA')

EXAMPLE 2 (Continuation of FTA Example 3) – PAGE 4

	3 - SELF ASSESSMENT in 1 - COMPUTATION OF CHARGEABLE INCOME		Electronic f	ilina	s mandator	D_2022_Ver 1.5
ITA Article	Description [Allocation to Tax Accounts for tax computation purposes ONLY]	Attach.	Immovable Property Account [Total]	M	altese Taxed count (total)	Foreign Income Account [total]
4(1)(a)	Income/(loss) from trade, business, etc. after tax adjustments but before capital allowances	Page 3	40a 0	40b	5,000,000	40c 0
	Balancing charge	TRA04	40d 0 41a 0	40e 41b	0	40f 0
	Capital Allowances					
	Brought forward Income Tax Act - Wear & Tear	TRA 05	42a 43a 0	42b 43b	0	42c 0
	BPA [Article 7] - Investment Allowance	TRA 06	44a 0	44b	0	44c 0
	BPA [Article 8] - Accelerated Depreciation	TRA 07	45a 0	45b	0	45c 0
	Balancing allowance(s)	TRA04	46a 0	46b	0	46c 0
	Capital allowances absorbed Allowable deductions surrendered to group companies	TRA 125	47a	47b	0	47c 0
	Unabsorbed capital allowances c/f	1104 123	48a 0	48b	0	48c 0
ncome	from trade, business, etc. net of capital allowances / (Loss)		49a 0	49b	5,000,000	49c 0
	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts	TRA 08	49d	49e		49f
4(1)(c)	Dividend(s) Interest(s) - Including Deemed Notional Interest Received	TRA 08	50a 0	50b	0	50c 0 51c 0
4(1)(0)	Discounts or premiums	TRA 10	52a 0	52b	0	52c 0
	Net Income from Rent(s)	TRA 11	53a 0			53b 0
4(1)(e)	Net Income from Ground Rent(s)	TRA 12	54a 0	-		54b 0
4(1)(q)	Net income from Royalties, etc.  Other income	TRA 13 TRA 14	55a 0	55b 56b	0	55c 0 56c 0
	ome/(loss)	1104.14	57a 0	57b	5.000.000	57c 0
5	Capital gains charged for the year	TRA 15	58a 0	58b	0	58c 0
let inne			FD- 0	#nh	5.000.000	FO- 0
vet inco	ome/(Loss) after Capital Gains		59a 0	59b	5,000,000	59c 0



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## THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') EXAMPLE 2 (Continuation of FTA Example 3) – PAGE 4

	I		60a	-	60b		60c	
	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts							
	ome / (Loss) after loss transfer between tax accounts		61a	0	61b	5,000,000	61c	0
16 to 22	GROUP LOSS RELIEF							
	Loss SURRENDERED to group company/companies	TRA 19	62a	0	62b	0	62c	0
Net Inc	ome/(Loss) after loss surrender to group companies		63a	0	63b	5,000,000	63c	0
16 to 22	Group Loss CLAIMED							
	Group Loss Absorbed this year	TRA 20	64a	0	64b	0	64c	0
						•	_	•
Net Inco	ome /(Loss) after Group Relief		65a	0	65b	5,000,000	65c	0
	Unabsorbed Trading Losses b/fwd from previous year		66a		66b		66c	0
Total In	come /(Loss)		67a	0	67b	5,000,000	67c	0
	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts		68a	0	68b	0	68c	0
	Chargeable income for the year from Projects	TRA 89	68d	0				
14(1)(0)	Notional Interest Deduction	TRA 100			68e	(1,000,000)	68f	0
Net Inco	ome /(Loss) after Notional Interest Deduction				68g	4,000,000	68h	0
	Allowable deductions claimed from group companies	TRA 125	68i	0	68)	0	68k	0
	able income for the year		69a	0	69b	4,000,000	69c	0
14(1)(g	Unabsorbed Trading Losses c/fwd		70a	0	70b	0	70c	0
				0		4,000,000		0
CfR - Ma	lta .							



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## THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA') EXAMPLE 2 (Continuation of FTA Example 3) – PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

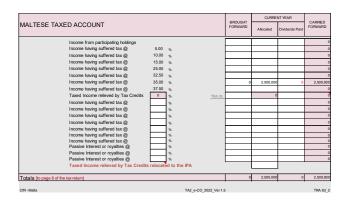
PART 4 - RECORD OF RESERVES	AND DIS	TRIE	UTIONS						TA2_e-CI	0_2022_Ver 1.5
Allocation of Income to the Taxed Accoun	ts after the ta	ах сог	mputation a	and o	alculation					
Allocation and adjustments		Fina	Final tax Account Immovable property Account		Maltese Taxed account		Foreign Income Account			
Income allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA 61	91a	1,000,000							
Chargeable income for the year per tax computation	Page 5			92a	0	92ъ	4,000,000	22c	0	
Deduct		•				_				
Tax thereon (net of tax credits)				93a	0	93Ъ	1,400,000	23c	0	
Sub-total				94a	0	94Ь	2,600,000	94c	0	
Deduct										
Income taxed under Article 27G of the ITA (to FTA)	TRA 89	]		95a	0					
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits (allocated to FTA)	TRA 35			96a	0	98ь	0			
Chargeable Income after tax				97a	0	97ъ	2,600,000	97c	0	
Relocation from the FTA - CIS & other	TRA 61	97d	0	97e		97f				
Further adjustment to relocate amounts to the PA (First allocation	1- TRA62)			98a		98ъ		98c		
Chargeable income after tax for the year allocated		J		22a	0	29Ъ	2,600,000	29c	0	
Amount that stands to be allocated to IPA (Second Allocation -TF	A 62A)			100a	0					
Transfers from MTA and / or FIA to the IPA		]		101a	0	101b	0	101c	0	
Transfer to the Incentives & Benefits Reserve	TRA 23			101d	0	101e	0			
Additional Reallocation to the FTA (NID Rules)	TRA 100	101f	100,000			101g		101h	0	
Income for the year allocated to the different tax accounts		102a	1,100,000	102b	0	102c	2,500,000	102d	0	



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## **THE MALTESE TAXED ACCOUNT ('MTA')**EXAMPLE 2 (Continuation of FTA Example 3) – TRA 63\_2

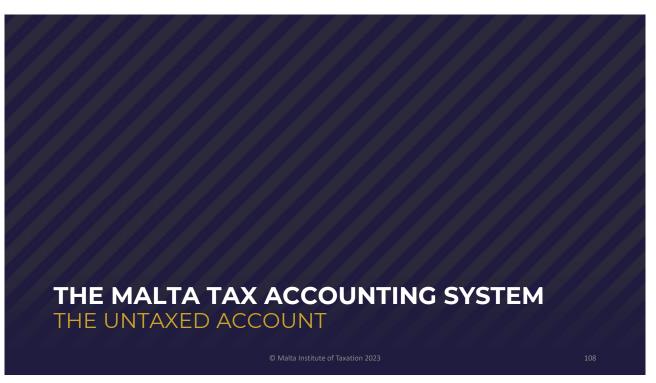




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### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA') DEFINITION

• The UTA is defined in article 2 of the ITA as follows:

"untaxed account" shall consist of those profits (or losses as the case may be), which represent the total distributable profits (a positive amount) or the total accumulated losses (a negative amount) as the case may be, and deducting therefrom the total sum of the amounts allocated to other taxed accounts



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### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA') ALLOCATIONS

- The UTA is the only tax account which can be either positive or negative.
- The UTA typically consists of expenditure which is disallowed for tax purposes and items of income which are outside the scope of tax.



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**EXAMPLE 1** 

- Malta HoldCo is a Malta registered company with a fully-owned subsidiary in Germany, Trading Company GmbH. During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, Trading Company GmbH distributed gross dividend income amounting to €250,000 to Malta HoldCo. All relevant conditions for the application of the participation exemption have been met.
- Malta HoldCo did not derive any other sources of income during the year.



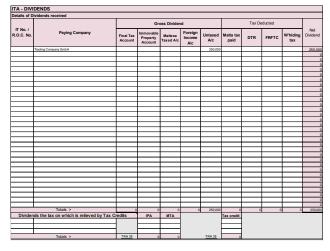
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#### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA')

EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 08





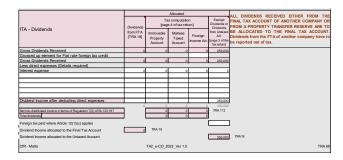
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#### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA')

EXAMPLE 1 - TRA 08





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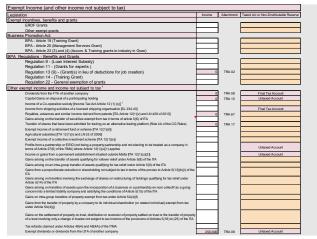
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### THE LINTAXED

### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA')

EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 18





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### THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA') EXAMPLE 1 – TRA 18





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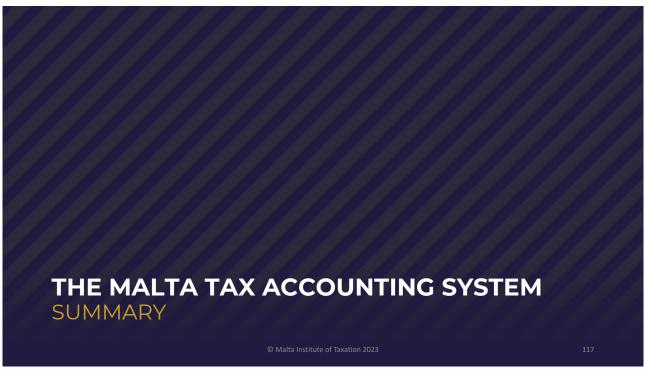
## THE UNTAXED ACCOUNT ('UTA') EXAMPLE 1 – PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

MOVEMENT OF RESERVES  [Reconcilation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re	and the same		ROUGHT		CURRENT YEAR			CARRIED	
[Heconolisation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Sheet]	concise with TIFD	F	ORWARD		Allocated	Di	vidends Paid	F	ORWARD
Distributable profits (before PROPOSED DIVIDENDS)	1	_				_			
Distributable profits (seriore PROPOSED DIVIDENDS)	B' Sheet	103a	0	103ь	250,000	103c	0	103d	250,000
Final Tax Account	TRA 61	104a	0	104ь	0	104c	0	104d	0
Immovable Property Account	TRA 62	105a	0	105ь	0	105c	0	105d	0
Maltese Taxed Account	TRA 63	106a	0	106ъ	0	106c	0	108d	0
Foreign Income Account	TRA 63	107a	0	107ь	0	107c	0	107d	0
Untaxed Account		108a	0	108ь	250,000	108c	0	108d	250,000
Other Non Distributable profits and Reserves	1								
Incentives & Benefits Reserve [TFD code 3904]	-	109a		109ь		109c		109d	0
					0				
Other non distributable reserves		110a		110ь		110c		110d	0
Less proposed dividends as per balance sheet								111a	
TOTAL RESERVES	1							112a	250,000



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### **SUMMARY**THE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

- Profits are allocated to five different tax accounts, including the following:
  - FTA typically includes exempt income and income which was subject to a final tax;
  - IPA <u>typically</u> includes income derived, directly or indirectly, from immovable property situated in Malta;
  - FIA <u>typically</u> includes foreign source income of a passive nature;
  - MTA typically includes trading income; and
  - UTA a reconciliation between the distributable profits / losses in the financial statements and the sum of the FTA, IPA, FIA and MTA.



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#### THE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

- Profits which stand to be allocated to the IPA are classified into two categories – primary allocations and secondary / notional allocations.
- Primary allocations to the IPA include profits which are derived from immovable property situated in Malta and are directly allocated to the IPA.
- Secondary / notional allocations to the IPA include:
  - Gross amount of interest, fees or any other consideration derived, directly or indirectly, from the granting of loans or from any form of credit to finance immovable property situated in Malta as well as insurance premiums related to the insurance of such property; and
  - The amount of Annual Market Rent.



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### **SUMMARY**THE MALTA INCOME TAX ACCOUNTS

- Such re-allocations are first required to be made out of the MTA before being made out of the FIA.
- When the notional allocations cannot be made by a particular company for a particular year of assessment because there are no or insufficient taxable reserves allocated to the company's MTA and / or FIA, the amount of secondary / notional allocations that cannot be made by that same company must be taken over by a related company.



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- ABC Limited is a company incorporated in Malta. During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the company derived a profit before tax of €500,000, consisting of the following sources of income:
  - Bank interest (gross of tax) amounting to €50,000, which bank interest was subject to a 15% final withholding tax;
  - Rental income received from a related party derived from immovable property situated in Malta amounting to €100,000;
  - Dividend income from a minority shareholding (less than 5%) in a company situated in Country X, amounting to €75,000 (gross). Withholding tax amounting to €11,250 was incurred in relation to such dividend income, in accordance with the treaty between Malta and Country X;
  - Trading income amounting to €200,000; and
  - A gain of €75,000 arising upon the disposal of a fully-owned subsidiary incorporated in Spain to a related party (100% common ownership).



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#### SUMMARY

CASE STUDY - TRA 08



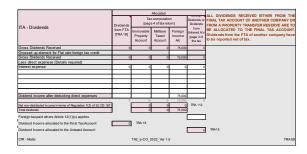


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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – TRA 08





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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – TRA 09

		Alloc	ated	
Interests [Article 4 (1)(c) ITA]	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed Account	Foreign Income Account
Gross Interest subject to 15% Final Withholding tax	50,000			
Gross Interest NOT subject to 15% Final Withholding tax				
Deemed Interest Income as per NID Rules				
Grossed up element for Flat rate foreign tax credit				
Gross Interest Received	50,000	0	0	0
Less direct expenses [Details required]				
Interest expense	0	0	0	0
Interest income after deducting direct expenses	50,000	0	0	
	50,000	U	U	U
Net non-distributed income in terms of Regulation 7(2) of SL123.187		0	0	0
Total interest income	50,000	0	0	0
Final Withholding Tax on Investment Income	7,500			
Transfer to the Final Tax Account	42,500			
CfR - Malta				TRA 09



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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – TRA 11

		Alloc	ated	
Rents [Article 4(1)(e) ITA]	Final Tax Account	Immovable Property Account	Maltese Taxed Account	Foreign Income Account
Gross Rents received / receivable		100,000		
Grossed up element for Flat rate foreign tax credit				
Gross Rents		100,000		
Less direct expenses [Details required]				
NTOM licence		0		
Interest expense		0		
Rent, ground rent or similar burden		0		
20% further deduction		20,000		
Net Income from Rents after deducting direct expenses		80,000		
Net non-distributed income in terms of Regulation 7(2) of SL123.187 Total rents	]	00,000		
CfR - Malta				TRA 1



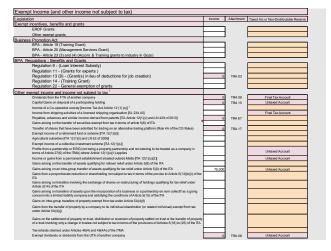
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### **SUMMARY**

#### CASE STUDY - TRA 18





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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – TRA 18

Note 1 - When the exemption does not extend to the utilinate beneficiaries, income stands to be allocated to the unitased account.

[Total Exempt Income (for fax computation purposes)

Ablocation to the based accounts and other non-distributable reserves

First Tax Assuurt

Unitased Account

Unitased Account

Vecomitions allocated

75.002

Total amounts allocated

CR: Matta

TA2\_eCQ\_2022\_Ver.1.5

TAX.18



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### **SUMMARY** CASE STUDY – TRA 30

Source of Income	Attachment / Return reference	Double Taxation Relief	Taxed A/c	C'wealth Relief	Taxed A/c	Unilateral Relief	Taxed A/c	Flat-Rate Foreign Tax Credit	Taxed A/c
ITA - Income from trade, business	Ret. pg. 3							0	FIA
ITA - Dividend(s)	TRA 08	11,250	FIA					0	FIA
ITA - Interest(s)	TRA 09							0	FIA
ITA - Discounts or premiums	TRA 10							0	FIA
ITA - Income from Rent(s)	TRA 11							0	FIA
ITA - Income from Ground Rent(s)	TRA 12							0	FIA
ITA - Income from Royalties, etc.	TRA 13							0	FIA
ITA - Other income	TRA 14							0	FIA
ITA - Capital Gains	TRA 15							0	FIA
Totals 11.250				0		0		0	
RELIEF	ALLOCATED			Totals					
KELIEF	IPA	MTA	FIA	louis					
Double Taxation Relief	0	0	11,250	11,250					
Commonwealth Relief 0		0	0	0					
Unilateral Relief 0		0	0	0					
Flat-Rate Foreign Tax Credit	0	0							
TOTALS 0 0			11.250	11,250					

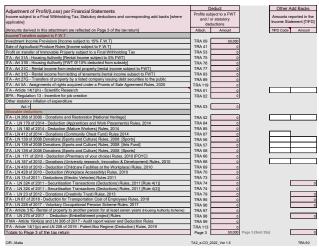


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#### **SUMMARY**

#### CASE STUDY - TRA 60





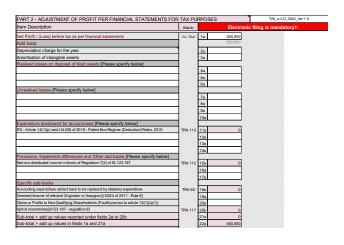
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#### **SUMMARY**

#### CASE STUDY - PAGE 3



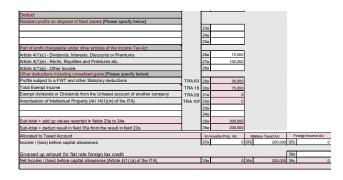


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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – PAGE 3



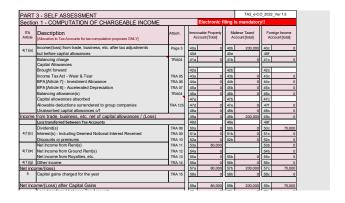


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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – PAGE 4





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### **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – PAGE 4

	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts		60a	0	60b	0	60c	
Net Inc	ome / (Loss) after loss transfer between tax accounts		61a	80,000	61b	200,000	61c	
16 to 22	GROUP LOSS RELIEF							
	Loss SURRENDERED to group company/companies	TRA 19	62a	0	62b	0	62c	(
Net Inc	ome/(Loss) after loss surrender to group companies		63a	80,000	63b	200,000	63c	75,000
16 to 22	Group Loss CLAIMED							
	Group Loss Absorbed this year	TRA 20	64a	0	64b	0	64c	
Net Inc	let Income /(Loss) after Group Relief		65a	80,000	65b	200,000	65c	
	Unabsorbed Trading Losses b/fwd from previous year		66a		66b		66c	
Total Ir	ncome /(Loss)		67a	80,000	67b	200,000	67c	75,000
	Loss transferred between Tax Accounts		68a	0	68b	0	68c	
27G	Chargeable income for the year from Projects	TRA 89	68d	0				
14(1)(0)	Notional Interest Deduction	TRA 100			68e	0	68f	
Net Inc	ome /(Loss) after Notional Interest Deduction				68g	200,000	68h	75,000
	Allowable deductions claimed from group companies	TRA 125	68i	0	68)	0	68k	
Charge	able income for the year		69a	80,000	69b	200,000	69c	75,000
14(1)(g	) Unabsorbed Trading Losses c/fwd		70a	0	70Ь	0	70c	
				80,000		200,000		75,000
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# SUMMARY CASE STUDY – PAGE 5

SECTION 2 - SELF ASSESSMENT COMPUTATION					TA2 e-C	0 202	2 Ver 1.5
TAXED ACCOUNTS [Allocation to Accounts for tax computation purposes only]		Imr	nov. Property A/c	Mal		Ė	eign Income A/c
Chargeable Income for the year [from page 4]		71a	80,000	71b	200,000	71c	75,000
Chargeable Income subject to other rates of tax Chargeable Income subject to normal rate of tax [ @ 35c]	TRA 33	72a 73a	0 000 08	72b 73b	200,000	72c 73c	75,000
Totals		74a	80,008	74b	200,000	74c	75,000 75,000
Tax Liability for the year		1	80,000		200,000		
Tax on Income taxed at other rates Tax on Income taxed at normal rates	TRA 33	75a 76a	28.000	75b 76b	70.000	75c 76c	26,250
Total Tax Liability on chargeable income for the year		77a	28,000	77b	70,000	77c	26,250
Deduct Tax Credits	TRA 35	78a	0	78b	0		
Tax due after deducting tax credits		79a	28,000	79b	70,000	79c	26,250
Relief of double taxation	TRA 30		28,000	_	70,000	_	26,250
Double Taxation Relief Commonwealth Relief		80a	0	80ъ	0	80c	11,250
Unitateral Relief		81a 82a	0	81b 82b	0	81c 82c	0
Flat-Rate Foreign Tax Credit						83a	0
Tax due after relief of double taxation		84a	28,000	84b	70,000	84c	15,000
Tax set off			28,000		70,000		15,000
Tax at source on dividends	TRA 08	85a		85b	0	85c	0
Tax due after tax at source on dividends		86a	28,000	88b	70,000	86c	15,000
Tax Payments	TRA 31	87a	0	87b	0	87c	0
TAX DUE ON DIFFERENT ACCOUNTS AFTER TAX PAYMENTS		88a	28,000	88b	70,000	880	15,000
TAX BALANCE DUE IN TERMS OF SECTION 42 OF THE ITMA		1				89a	113,000
TAX REFUNDABLE IN TERMS OF SECTION 48 OF THE ITMA						90a	0



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#### **SUMMARY**

CASE STUDY – PAGE 6 (EXTRACT)

	AND DIS	TRIE	BUTIONS						TA2_e-C	D_2022_Ver
Allocation of Income to the Taxed Account	s after the ta	эх со	mputation a	and o	calculation					
Allocation and adjustments			Final tax Account		Immovable property Account		Maltese Taxed account		reign Income Account	
Income allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA 61	91a	42,500	ī						
Chargeable Income for the year per tax computation	Page 5			92a	80,000	92b	200,000	92c	75,000	
Deduct		•								
Tax thereon (net of tax credits)		1		93a	28,000	93b	70,000	93c	26,250	
Sub-total				94a	52,000	94b	130,000	94c	48,750	
Deduct										
Income taxed under Article 27G of the ITA (to FTA)	TRA 89	l		95a	0					
Taxed Income relieved by tax credits (allocated to FTA)	TRA 35	1		96a	0	965	0			
Chargeable Income after tax Relocation from the FTA - CIS & other	TRA 61	97d		97a	52,000	97b 97f	130,000	97c	48,750	
Resocution from the FTA - Clo & other Further adjustment to relocate amounts to the IPA (First allocation		97d		97e 98a		971 98b		98c	_	
Chargeable Income after tax for the year allocated	- 110000.)	1		20a	52.000	99b	130.000	99c	48.750	
Amount that stands to be allocated to IPA (Second Allocation -TR)	A 62A)	i		100a		-				
Transfers from MTA and / or FIA to the PA	- wan	1		100a		101b		101c		
Transfer to the Incentives & Benefits Reserve	TRA 23			101a		101b	0	1010	U	
Additional Reallocation to the FTA (NID Rules)	TRA 100	101f		1016		101e	0	101h	0	
Income for the year allocated to the different tax accounts		102a	42.500	102b	52.000	102c	130.000	1024	48.750	
MONEMENT OF DECEDINGS					CURRE	NT YE	AR			
MOVEMENT OF RESERVES (Reconciliation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Sheet)	concile with TIFD		BROUGHT		CURREI Allocated		AR vidends Paid		CARRIED ORWARD	
[Reconciliation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Sheet]	concile with TIFD		ORWARD	103b		Di				
Reconciliation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re	,	F	ORWARD	103b	Allocated	Di		F	ORWARD	
[Reconciliation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Sheet]  Distributable profits [before PROPOSED DIVIDENDS]	B' Sheet	103a	ORWARD	=	Allocated 379,500	Di 103c		103d	ORWARD 379,500	
[Reconcilation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Sheet]  Distributable profits [before PROPOSED DIVIDENDS]  Final Tax Account	B' Sheet TRA 61	103a	ORWARD	104b	Allocated 379,500 42,500	103c 104c 105c		103d	379,500 42,500	
Reconcilation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re- code 1950 in Balance Sheet!  Distributable profits [better PROPOSED DIVIDENDS]  Final Tax Account  Immovable Property Account	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62	103a 104a 105a	ORWARD	104b 105b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000	103c 104c 105c		103d 104d 106d	379,500 42,500 52,000	
Reconcilation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re code 3950 in Balance Steel Distributable profits (betwe PROPOSED DM/DENDS) Fishel Tax Account Immovable Property Account Maltese Taxed Account	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%		103d 104d 105d 106d 106d	379,500 42,500 52,000	
[Reconcidation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must re- cost 2000 in Blance 2000 in Statements - Total Reserves must re- provided by the Common of the Common o	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	0 0 0	103d 104d 105d 106d 106d	379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	
Reconcilation with Financial Statements - Total Reserves must in color \$950 in Balance of \$950 in Balance	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	0 0 0	103d 104d 105d 106d 106d	379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	
[Recordators with Francial Statemers - Total Reserves must re- cord 2010 in Blause PROFICES DIVIDENCIS]  Distributable profits gates PROFICES DIVIDENCIS]  First Tax Account  Immovable Properly Account  Maltiese Taxed Account  Foreign income Account  University Account  Other Non-Distributable profits and Reserves  Other Non-Distributable profits and Reserves	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a 107a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b 107b 108b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	103c 104c 105c 106c 109c	0 0 0	103d 104d 105d 106d 106d 107d	379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	
Piscondator with Financia Statements - Total Reserves mad no con 250 in Station Statements - Total Reserves mad no control Statement - Total Reserves made no Finantia Reserves - Total Reserves	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a 106a 108a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b 106b 106b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	10%c 10%c 10%c 10%c 10%c	0 0 0	103d 104d 105d 106d 106d 108d 108d	379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	
Record story with Francial Statemers - Total Reserves mater on 2000 on Basiness Principles (2000 on Bas	B' Sheet TRA 61 TRA 62 TRA 63 TRA 63	103a 104a 105a 106a 106a 108a	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	104b 105b 106b 106b 106b	Allocated 379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	10%c 10%c 10%c 10%c 10%c	0 0 0	103d 104d 105d 105d 106d 107d 108d	379,500 42,500 52,000 130,000 48,750	



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### **SUMMARY**

CASE STUDY - TRA 61

		Movement in reserves - FINAL TAX ACCOUNT (to page 6 of the tax return)					
Profits allocated to the Final Tax Account	TRA		Curren				
		Brought Forward	Net Income after Tax (To Page 6 Return)	Dividends Paid	Carried Forward		
Interests subject to 15% FWT	TRA 09	0	42.500	0	42.5		
Rents subject to 5% FWT (Housing Authority)	TRA 11		0				
ITA / ITMA LN 49 of 2005 - Sale of Agricultural Produce Rules, 2005	TRA 41		0				
ITA - Article 5A - Profits on transfer of Immovable Property subject to Final Withholding Tax	TRA 53		0				
Investment Allowance	TRA 06		0				
Total Exempt Income (less transfers to other taxed accounts or Reserve - 75000)	TRA 18		0				
Income the tax on which was relieved by tax credits (up to Y/A 2014)							
ITA - Art 31A - Housing Authority [Rental Income subject to 5% FWT]	TRA 75		0				
ITA - Art 31B - Housing Authority [FWT 0f 10% deducted from subsidy]	TRA 76		0				
ITA - Art 31C - Rental income from restored property [rental income subject to FWT]	TRA 77		0				
ITA - Art 31D - Rental income from letting of residential / commercial tenements subject to FWT	TRA 83		0				
ITA - Art 27G - Transfers of property by a company that has issued debt securities to the public	TRA 89		0				
ITA - LN 228 of 2017 - Voluntary Occupational Pension Scheme Rules, 2017	TRA 96		0				
ITA - Article 31E- Rental of property to another person for at least seven years (Housing Authority Schem			0				
ITA - LN 37 of 2018 - Notional Interest Deduction Rules, 2018	TRA 100		0				
ITA - Article 5A - Assignment of Rights acquired under a Promise of Sale Agreement Rules. 2020	TRA 119		0				
ITMA - Option exercised under Article 48(4A)(b)(i)(1) - Taxable profits after tax							
Other Profits that stand to be allocated to the Final Tax Account (Pleae specify Legislation)	TRA 74						
Legislation LN 324 of 2011 - Securitisation vehicle - Rule 7(2)	INA 74		0				
Legislation	_						
Legislation							
Adjustments to relocate current year profits							
Legislation ITA - Collective Investment Scheme - Relocation							
Legislation	_						
Totals [to page 6 of the return]	Page 6	0	42,500	0	42,5		

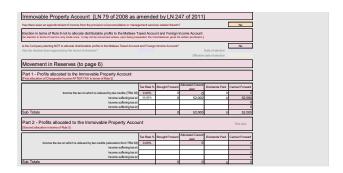


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#### **SUMMARY**

CASE STUDY - TRA 62 (EXTRACT)



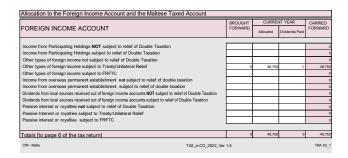


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#### **SUMMARY** CASE STUDY – TRA 63\_1





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## **SUMMARY**CASE STUDY – TRA 63\_2

			CURRE	NT YEAR				
MALTESE 1	FAXED ACCOUNT	BROUGHT FORWARD	Allocated	Dividends Paid	FORWARD			
	Income from participating holdings							
	Income having suffered tax @	5.00	%					0
	Income having suffered tax @	10.00	%					(
	Income having suffered tax @	15.00	%					(
	Income having suffered tax @	25.00	%					0
	Income having suffered tax @	32.50	%					0
	Income having suffered tax @	35.00	%		0	130,000	0	130,000
	Income having suffered tax @	37.50	%					0
	Taxed Income relieved by Tax Credits	0	%	TRA 35		0		0
	Income having suffered tax @		%					0
	Income having suffered tax @		%					0
	Income having suffered tax @		%					0
	Income having suffered tax @		%					(
	Income having suffered tax @		%					(
	Income having suffered tax @		%					(
	Income having suffered tax @	_	%					(
	Passive Interest or royalties @	_	%					0
	Passive Interest or royalties @ Passive Interest or royalties @	$\vdash$	%		<u> </u>			
	Taxed Income relieved by Tax Credit	rologati						U
	Taxed income relieved by Tax Credit	s relocati	ed to the IPA				l	
Totals (to page 6	3 of the tax return]				0	130,000	0	130,000
			TA2 e-CO 20					
CfR - Malta		5 TRA 63_2						



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